

Seasonal weather forecast for the months of May, June and July 2026

General overview of the weather expected to prevail for May, June and July

The weather for the following three months, namely **May, June and July 2026**, will be presented, with respect to the anomalies of temperature and accumulated precipitation. Normal temperatures (both the maximum and the minimum), are on the rise suggesting July as the hottest month of the year. The accumulated precipitation is at its lowest values. The period of the following three months is likely to be characterized as a series of unstable months, with outbreaks of thunderstorms, initiated from thermal (mainly) causes or over the mountainous range from orographic lifting.

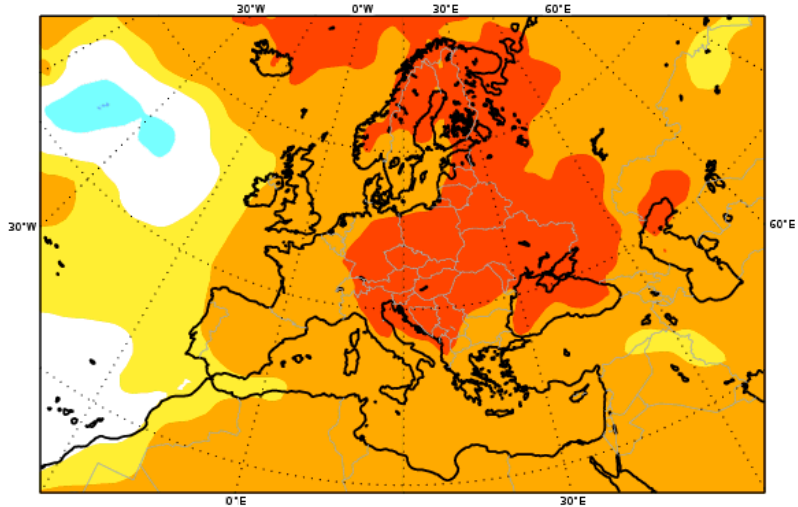
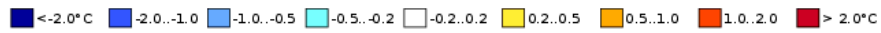
For the seasonal weather forecast, the multi-model system of the Copernicus C3S service was used. The climatology of the models that make up this multi-model system refers to the period 1993–2016; in other words, the values presented represent deviations from the average values of that period. It should be noted that seasonal forecasting aims to capture trends in atmospheric circulation on a continental or planetary scale, and its results should be interpreted with due caution.

The general characteristic of the upcoming three-month period for Cyprus, according to the seasonal forecast, is expected to be slightly above-normal temperatures along with near-normal rainfall. Specifically, the average temperatures for the period are forecasted to be about 0.5 to 1 degree Celsius above the seasonal average, while the total seasonal rainfall for the months of May, June, and July is expected to be around normal levels for the season. It is worth noting that the normal rainfall for May–July contributes very little to the annual total rainfall in Cyprus, and therefore to the overall water balance.

Additionally, positive temperature anomalies are generally forecasted across Europe, with only localized areas in the Atlantic southwest of Iceland showing some probability of negative anomalies. These positive anomalies across most European regions are expected to range from 0.5 to 1 degree Celsius, while in many central and northern areas, and locally in eastern Europe, they are expected to exceed 1 degree and may reach up to 2 degrees Celsius.

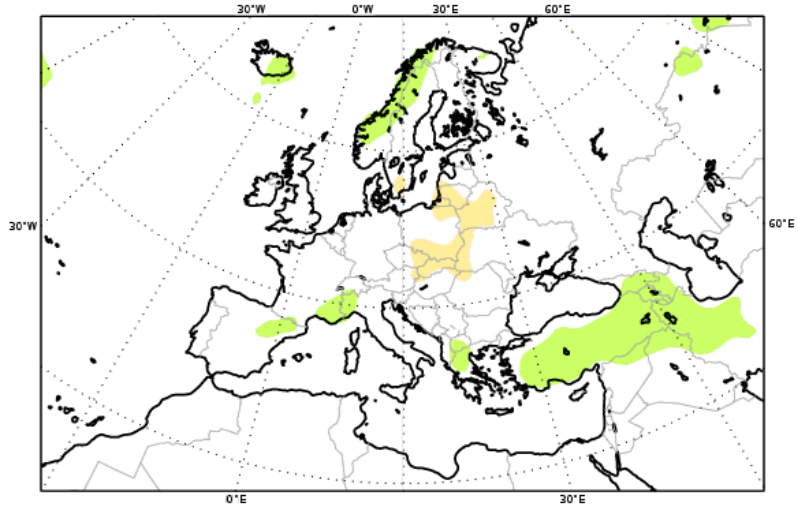
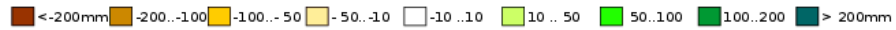
In terms of precipitation (rainfall), near-normal conditions are forecast for most European regions, with a tendency toward increased rainfall in southern Europe and generally reduced rainfall in parts of central Europe. There are also indications of slightly above-average precipitation locally in Scandinavia.

C3S multi-system seasonal forecast ECMWF/Met Office/Météo-France/CMCC/DWD/NCEP/JMA/ECCC/BOM
 Mean 2m temperature anomaly MJJ 2026
 Nominal forecast start: 01/04/26
 Variance-standardized mean



Deviation of the mean seasonal temperature (°C) from the long-term average for the period May, June, and July.

C3S multi-system seasonal forecast ECMWF/Met Office/Météo-France/CMCC/DWD/NCEP/JMA/ECCC/BOM
 Mean precipitation anomaly MJJ 2026
 Nominal forecast start: 01/04/26
 Variance-standardized mean



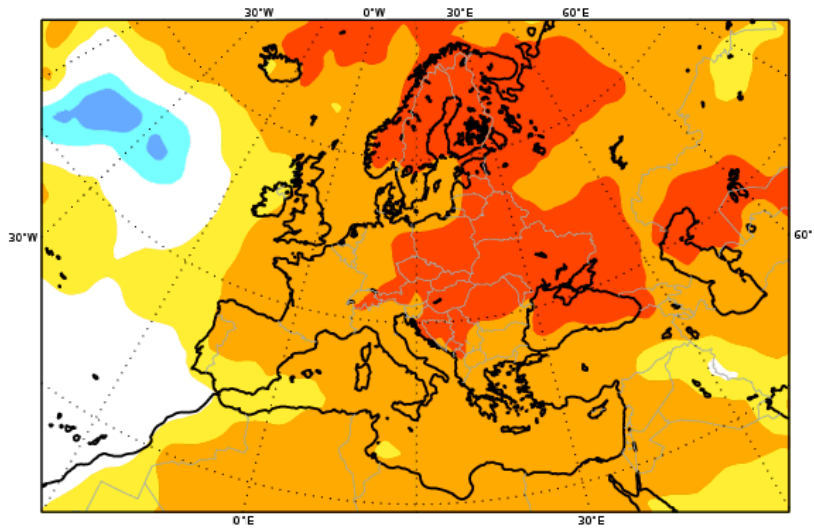
Deviation of the mean seasonal precipitation (mm) from the long-term average for the period May, June, and July.

The seasonal monthly forecast in detail

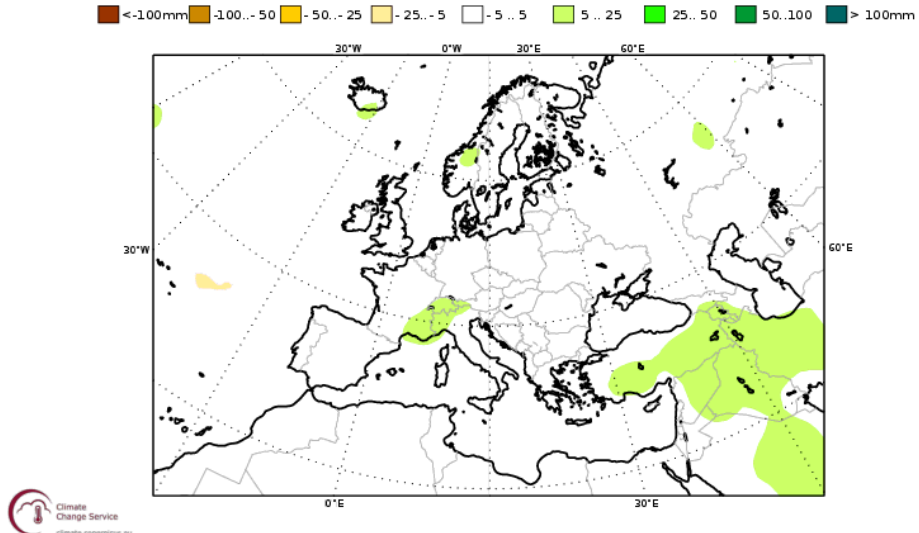
May is expected to be 0.5° to 1°C warmer than normal across the entire island. Across almost all of Europe, temperatures are also expected to be above average for the month. As for rainfall, it is expected to be around normal levels for the season, as in most parts of Europe.

C3S multi-system seasonal forecast ECMWF/Met Office/Météo-France/CMCC/DWD/NCEP/JMA/ECCC/BOM
Mean 2m temperature anomaly MAY 2026
Nominal forecast start: 01/04/26
Variance-standardized mean

■ <-2.0°C ■ -2.0..-1.0 ■ -1.0..-0.5 ■ -0.5..-0.2 ■ -0.2..0.2 ■ 0.2..0.5 ■ 0.5..1.0 ■ 1.0..2.0 ■ > 2.0°C

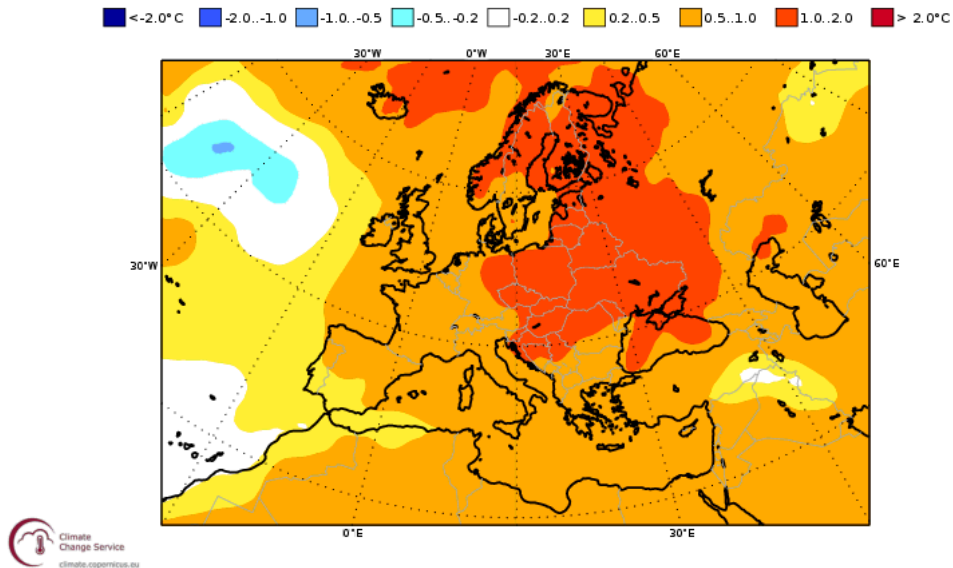


Deviation of the mean monthly temperature (°C) from normal during May

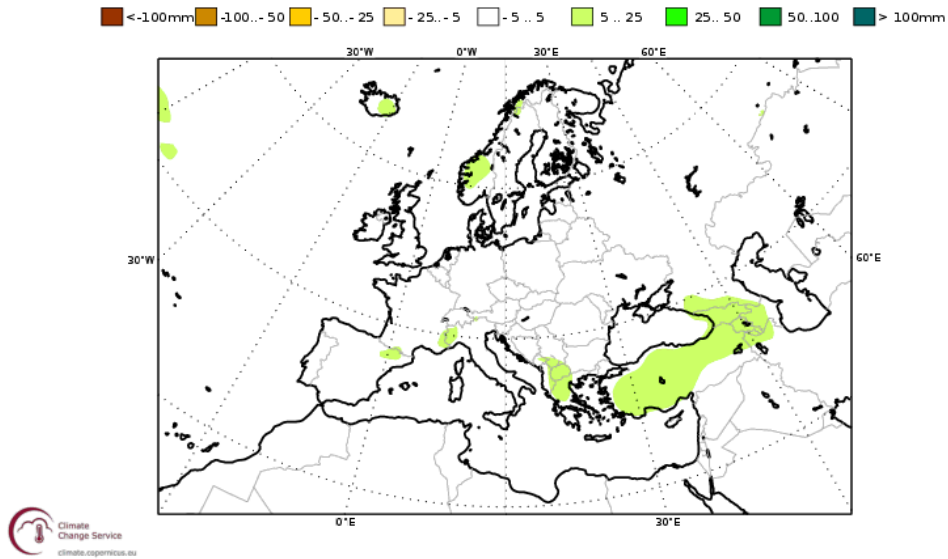


Deviation of the mean monthly precipitation (mm) from the normal for the month of May.

June is also expected to be 0.5° to 1°C warmer than normal across the island. Across almost all of Europe, temperatures are expected to be above average for the month. As for rainfall, it is again expected to be around normal levels. It should be noted that total rainfall during this period is very low, with minimal contribution to the country's overall water balance.

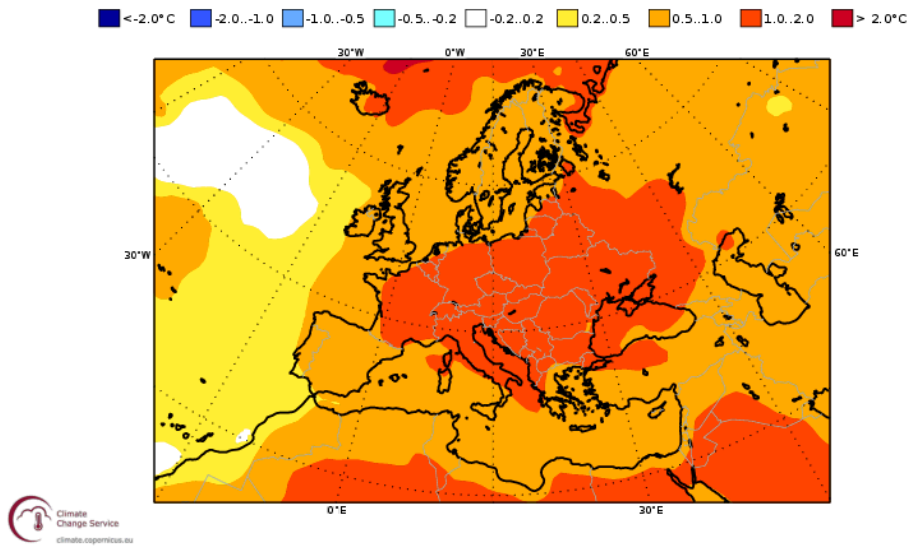


Deviation of the mean monthly temperature (°C) from normal during June

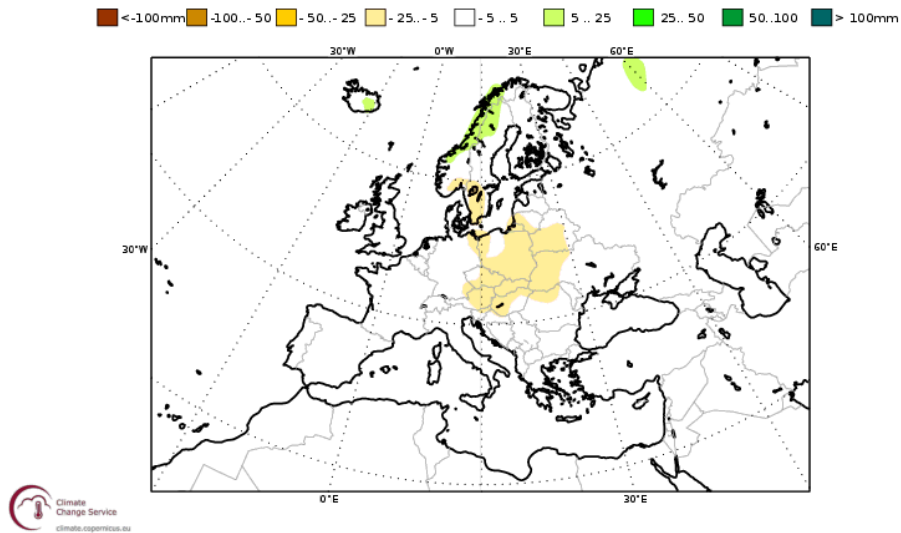


Deviation of the mean monthly precipitation (mm) from the normal for the month of June.

July is also expected to be 0.5° to 1°C warmer than normal across the entire island, while across almost all of Europe temperatures are expected to be above average for the month. As for rainfall, it is again expected to be around normal levels, as in most parts of Europe, while reiterating that these months



Deviation of the mean monthly temperature (°C) from normal during July



Deviation of the mean monthly precipitation (mm) from the normal for the month of July.

Normal values of temperature and accumulated precipitation for May, June and July

The normal values of the mean maximum, the mean minimum temperature and the accumulated precipitation are presented below concerning the three months the period of forecast is covering, in order to gain a better view of the normal seasonal climate. The period of forecast is the transitional period in which the atmosphere switches from its winter pattern to the summer one. The temperature, both the maximum and the minimum, is on the rise with **July's** temperature being significantly higher. Climatologically extreme high temperatures are recorded during **July**.

On the other hand, the accumulated precipitation is declining, as presented by the climatological data shown in the table below.

May, June and July are climatologically suggested to be unstable months with thundery activity initiated mainly by thermal causes or orographic uplift. From the table below, note also the effect of the mountainous area of Troodos range over the accumulated precipitation, mainly because of thundery activity, which is affecting primarily the mountainous ranges of the island. The accumulated precipitation over Prodromos station, although declining towards **July**, is always significantly higher if compared to the accumulated precipitation of the other selected stations.

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION NORMAL VALUES FOR THE PERIOD 1991-2020									
Area Name	MEAN DAILY MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)			MEAN DAILY MINIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)			MEAN MONTHLY TOTAL PRECIPITATION (mm)		
	May	June	July	May	June	July	May	June	July
NORTH COAST	26.1	30.5	33.6	15.0	19.0	21.7	12.2	1.3	0.1
WEST COAST	24.9	28.1	30.4	15.2	18.6	21.0	11.1	1.6	0.2
MOUNTAINOUS AREAS	20.9	25.4	28.6	11.0	15.1	18.3	42.8	26.8	13.8
INLAND	29.8	34.4	37.5	15.3	19.7	22.6	26.2	14.5	4.9
SOUTH COAST	27.0	30.6	33.0	16.4	20.1	22.6	11.5	2.1	0.7
EAST COAST	27.5	31.1	33.2	15.2	19.2	21.8	14.9	4.8	0.1

Evaluation of April

Based on the preliminary data for April, as recorded by the Department of Meteorology and presented in the table below for the selected reference stations, the mean daily temperatures for April appear to have been around the normal levels for the month.

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION PROVISIONAL DATA FOR APRIL 2026														
St. No.	Station Name	Mean Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Normal Value (1991-2020)	Difference from Normal Value	Highest Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Lowest Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Mean Daily Minimum Temperature (°C)	Normal Value (1991-2020)	Difference from Normal Value	Lowest Daily Minimum Temperature (°C)	Highest Daily Minimum Temperature (°C)	Monthly Total Precipitation (mm)	Normal Value (1991-2020)	Difference from Normal Value
		41	POLIS CHRYSOCHOUS	22.6	21.8	0.8	30.3	18.9	12.5	11.2	1.3	9.5	17.8	47.3
82	PAFOS (AIRPORT)	21.9	21.8	0.1	30.5	19.3	14.1	11.9	2.2	11.2	19.2	48.8	15.2	33.6
225	PRODROMOS (C.F.C.)	14.9	15.7	-0.8	23.7	7.8	5.7	6.6	-0.9	2.1	14.7	136.1	49.5	86.6
666	ATHALASSA (RADIOSONDE)	23.9	24.7	-0.8	29.7	18.9	10.2	10.8	-0.6	5.5	15.2	20.9	21.1	-0.2
731	LARNAKA (AIRPORT)	23.3	23.0	0.3	27.9	19.8	11.8	12.1	-0.3	7.1	18.3	30.7	15.9	14.8
800	ACHNA (DASAKI)	23.1	23.4	-0.3	28.4	20.0	10.9	10.9	0.0	6.1	16.5	48.8	18.8	30.0

△ dew

Extreme values were observed in both maximum and minimum temperatures (with deviations exceeding 4°C from normal) at most reference stations. Indicatively, the highest daily maximum temperature in Paphos reached 30.5°C compared to a normal of 21.8°C, while the lowest daily maximum temperature in Prodromos was 7.8°C compared to a normal of 15.7°C. As for minimum temperatures, an indicative example is the highest daily minimum temperature in Prodromos, which reached 14.7°C compared to a normal of 6.6°C.

Regarding total rainfall, preliminary data indicate that April recorded an accumulated rainfall of 54.7 mm, corresponding to 214% of the monthly normal.

During the periods 1–11, 16–20, 26, and 28–30 of April, local rainfall was recorded, at times accompanied by thunderstorms.

It is worth noting that, based on preliminary data, hail was recorded on April 4 and 28, while no snowfall was observed in Troodos.

Additionally, on April 6 and 18, EMMA warnings at the yellow level of severity were issued, relating to thunderstorms.

For a better visualization of **April's** accumulated precipitation, a chart of Cyprus with the total preliminary accumulated precipitation is presented, below as well as a map showing the mean climatological rainfall for April, based on the 1991–2020 climatological period.

The preliminary monthly rainfall map is produced for the whole of Cyprus. Data from meteorological stations located in the occupied areas are also used; however, the mean monthly rainfall is calculated only for the areas under the control of the Government of the Republic of Cyprus and is compared with the corresponding average of the 1991–2020 climatological period. It is noted that for the monthly maps of the 1991–2020 climatological period, data are available only for the areas controlled by the Government of the Republic of Cyprus.

