Seasonal weather forecast for the months of

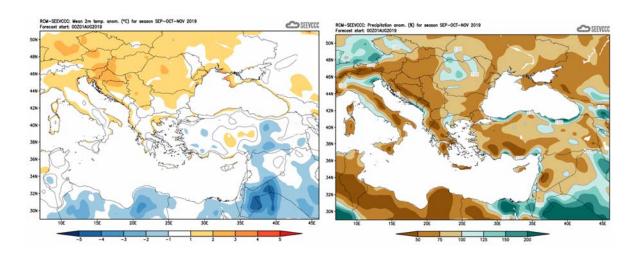
September, October and November 2019

General overview of the weather expected to prevail for September, October and November.

The weather for the following three months, namely **September**, **October** and **November 2019**, will be presented, with respect to the anomalies of temperature, and accumulated precipitation.

During the period in focus normal temperatures (both maximum and minimum) are declining, suggesting **September** as the hottest month of the period and **November** the period's coldest month. The accumulated precipitation is at its lowest values during September, but it rises well during the period. During September the seasonal low shrinken's eastwards with a further shrinkage during October until dissipation. The first month of the period is likely to be climatologically characterized by outbreaks of thunderstorms, initiated from thermal causes over the main plain area or over the mountainous range from orographic uplift. During **October** and mainly during **November** the frequency of baroclinic depressions affecting the area increases significantly, resulting in higher accumulated precipitation. During **November the first** snow fall may be noted over the highest peaks of Troodos range, as in the past.

Specifically, regarding the seasonal forecast for the period of **September**, **October** and **November 2019**, the temperature will be generally normal. Normal to lower than normal temperature characterizes also the greater part of Asia Minor, the Balkans and Middle East. The amount of the accumulated precipitation over Cyprus is expected to range generally from 75% of normal to normal, except over the south-eastern part that is expected to range from 50% of normal to 75% of normal and north-western part that is expected to reach 125% of normal.

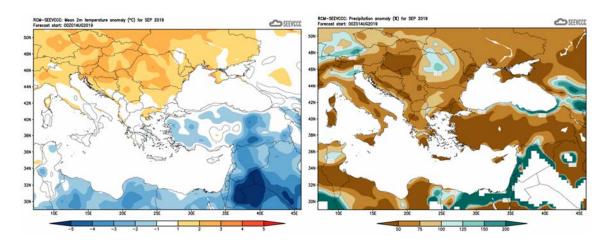


Divergence of temperature from normal from the mean seasonal temperature (°C) for September,
October and November

Percentage (%) of the mean seasonal accumulated precipitation compared to the mean normal for September, October and November

The seasonal monthly forecast in detail

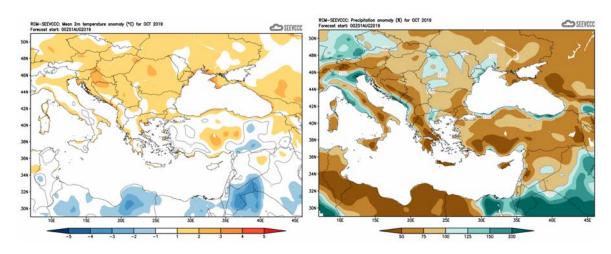
The seasonal forecast suggests that **September's** temperature will be generally normal, except inland where the temperature will be normal to slightly below normal, by 1 to 2°C. The lower than normal temperature is also a characteristic of the area of Asia Minor. The amount of the accumulated precipitation will reach 50% of normal over the eastern and southern, it will range between 50% and 100% of normal over northern part and mountainous areas and in some northwestern areas will reach 125% of normal.



Divergence of the mean monthly temperature (°C) from normal during September

Percentage of the mean monthly precipitation (%) compared with the normal of September

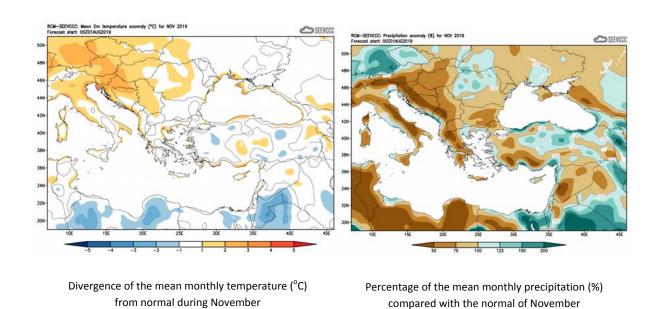
The seasonal forecast for **October** suggests that temperature will be generally normal. The accumulated precipitation of Cyprus will reach 50% of normal over south and east part and will range between 75% and 100% of normal over the rest area of Cyprus.



Divergence of the mean monthly temperature ($^{\circ}$ C) from normal during October

Percentage of the mean monthly precipitation (%) compared with the normal of October

The seasonal forecast for **November** suggests that temperature will be generally normal and locally slightly above normal in coastal areas. The accumulated precipitation of November will range between 75% and 100% of normal over south and east part and between 100% and 125% of normal over the rest area of Cyprus.



Normal values of temperature and accumulated precipitation for September, October and November 2019

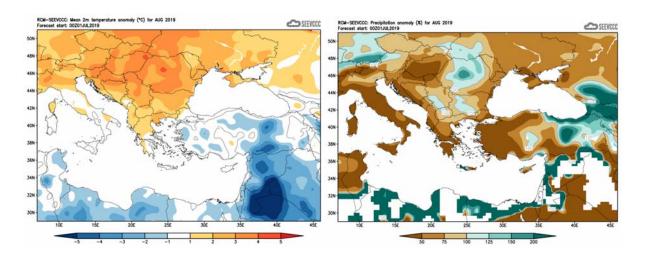
The normal values of mean maximum, mean minimum temperature and accumulated precipitation are presented below concerning the three months the period of forecast is covering, in order to gain a better view of the normal seasonal climate. The temperature, both maximum and minimum, is on the fall suggesting **September** as the warmest month of the period and **November** as the coldest. On the other hand, the accumulated precipitation is increasing significantly from **September** towards **November**, as presented by the climatological data shown on the table below. It is worth noting that **October's** and mainly **November's** accumulated precipitation is significantly higher than **September's** as a result of the reoccurrence/redeveloping of depressions over the area of the east Mediterranean.

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION NORMAL VALUES FOR THE PERIOD 1981-2010												
		DAILY MAX			DAILY MINI PERATURE		MEAN MONTHLY TOTAL PRECIPITATION (mm)					
Area Name	September	October	Nove mber	September	October	November	September	October	November			
NORTH COAST	30.1	26.4	21.7	19.2	16.1	12.2	4.0	30.3	58.6			
WEST COAST*	29.0	26.4	22.4	19.1	16.4	12.9	3.6	27.4	52.6			
MOUNTAINOUS AREAS	24.6	19.2	12.8	14.9	10.9	6.1	10.7	34.4	93.8			
INLAND*	33.6	28.4	22.1	18.8	15.2	10.4	12.2	20.7	43.2			
SOUTH COAST	30.9	27.8	22.6	19.8	16./	12.4	4.3	16.0	46.8			
EAST CCAST**	31.9	28.5	22.4	19.6	16.7	11.8	2.9	19.9	44.0			

^{*} West Coast and Inland Values cover the period 1983-2010

Evaluation of August's seasonal forecast for the area of Cyprus

August's seasonal forecast suggested that temperature over Cyprus would be generally normal. Normal temperature characterized also Minor Asia, while Middle East would be lower than normal. The amount of the accumulated precipitation inland was expected to be around normal, while over the northern and western part was expected to range above normal and over the southern and eastern part was expected to range below normal.



Divergence of the mean monthly temperature (°C) from normal during August

Percentage of the mean monthly precipitation (%) compared with the normal of August

^{**} East Coast Temperature Values cover the period 1981-2007

Concerning the model's evaluation for **August** a general judgment is that the model did not perform so well concerning the temperature. Almost all of the mean daily maximum temperatures were above normal, whereas almost all of the mean daily minimum temperatures were around normal. It must be mentioned that during summer months, precipitation is resulted mainly from thundery activity which has very localised characteristics and that a quantitative judgment is very difficult due to models limitations.

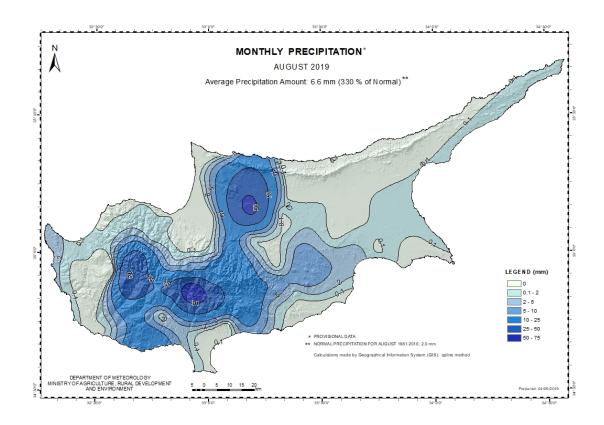
Extremes were also recorded with positive departures greater than 4°C, like Athalassa station where the highest daily maximum temperature (41.5°C) was 4.6°C greater than normal (36.9°C) and Prodromos station, where the highest daily maximum temperature (34°C) was 6°C greater than normal (28°C).

For the dates 8-13, 24-25, 27-28 and 30-31 of August EMMA warnings for high temperature were issued.

On the 6th, 7th, 19th, 20th, 25th, 28th and 29st of **August** episodes of local showers and isolated thunderstorms resulted in accumulated precipitation of 6.6mm (55% of normal). Also, on the 19th and 20th hail was reported.

St. No. Station Name Maximum Temperature Maximum Temperature Maximum Temperature Maximum Temperature Maximum Temperature Minimum Temperature			TEMPERA	ATURI	E AND P	RECIPITA	TION PRO	OVISIONAL	DATA	FOR A	UGUST 20) <u>19</u>			
82* PAFOS (AIRPORT) 31.6 30.5 1.1 33.0 30.2 21.7 21.1 0.6 19.4 24.1 0.0 225 PRODROMOS (C.F.C.) 30.1 28.0 2.1 34.0 24.7 17.7 18.1 -0.4 14.0 20.3 5.4 666* ATHALASSA (RADIOSONDE) 38.8 36.9 1.9 41.5 34.8 22.7 21.9 0.8 19.8 26.3 1.0 731 LARNAKA (AIRPORT) 33.9 32.9 1.0 36.3 31.7 23.4 22.3 1.1 20.7 26.1 0.6 800** ACHNA (DASAKI) 33.3 33.5 -0.2 37.3 30.1 21.6 22.0 -0.4 18.8 26.5 0.2	St. No.	Station Name	Maximum Temperature	Value (1981-	from Normal	Maximum Temperature	Maximum Temperature	Minimum Temperature	Value (1981-	from Normal	Minimum Temperature	Minimum Temperature	Precipitation	Normal Value (1981- 2010)	Difference from Normal Value
225 PRODROMOS (C.F.C.) 30.1 28.0 2.1 34.0 24.7 17.7 18.1 -0.4 14.0 20.3 5.4 666* ATHALASSA (RADIOSONDE) 38.8 36.9 1.9 41.5 34.8 22.7 21.9 0.8 19.8 26.3 1.0 731 LARNAKA (AIRPORT) 33.9 32.9 1.0 36.3 31.7 23.4 22.3 1.1 20.7 26.1 0.6 800** ACHNA (DASAKI) 33.3 33.5 -0.2 37.3 30.1 21.6 22.0 -0.4 18.8 26.5 0.2	41	POLIS CHRYSOCHOUS	-	33.3	-	-	-	-	21.5	-	-	-	-	-	' -
666* ATHALASSA (RADIOSONDE) 38.8 36.9 1.9 41.5 34.8 22.7 21.9 0.8 19.8 26.3 1.0 731 LARNAKA (AIRPORT) 33.9 32.9 1.0 36.3 31.7 23.4 22.3 1.1 20.7 26.1 0.6 800** ACHNA (DASAKI) 33.3 33.5 -0.2 37.3 30.1 21.6 22.0 -0.4 18.8 26.5 0.2	82*	PAFOS (AIRPORT)	31.6	30.5	1.1	33.0	30.2	21.7	21.1	0.6	19.4	24.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
731 LARNAKA (AIRPORT) 33.9 32.9 1.0 36.3 31.7 23.4 22.3 1.1 20.7 26.1 0.6 1.0 2.0	225	PRODROMOS (C.F.C.)	30.1	28.0	2.1	34.0	24.7	17.7	18.1	-0.4	14.0	20.3	5.4	12.0	-6.6
800** ACHNA (DASAKI) 33.3 33.5 -0.2 37.3 30.1 21.6 22.0 -0.4 18.8 26.5 0.2	666*	ATHALASSA (RADIOSONDE)	38.8	36.9	1.9	41.5	34.8	22.7	21.9	0.8	19.8	26.3	1.0	1.8	-0.8
	731	LARNAKA (AIRPORT)	33.9	32.9	1.0	36.3	31.7	23.4	22.3	1.1	20.7	26.1	0.6	0.3	0.3
* Pafos' and Athalassa's Station Normal Values cover the period 1983-2010	**008	ACHNA (DASAKI)	33.3	33.5	-0.2	37.3	30.1	21.6	22.0	-0.4	18.8	26.5	0.2	0.1	0.1
** Achna's Temperature Normal Values cover the period 1981-2007															

For the purpose of better visualization of **August** accumulated precipitation, a chart of Cyprus with the total preliminary accumulated precipitation is presented.



A Cyprus chart with the normal (period 1981 to 2010) accumulated precipitation for the month of **August** is also presented.

